

Vertical Progression – Literacy – Playing & Exploring - Engagement		Active Learning - Motivation		Creating & Thinking Critically - Thinking	
Playi Being ELG -Write recogn -Spell words	ng out & exploring ng with what they know willing to 'have a go' nisable letters, most of which are correctly for by identifying sounds in the them & represe phrases & sentences that can be read by ot	ting the sounds with a letter or letters		 Having their own ideas (creative thinking) Making links (building theories) Working with ideas (critical thinking 	
Focus	Composition	Vocabulary, grammar & punctuation	Spelling		Handwriting
Reception	Gives meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or touch-screen technology Enjoys creating texts to communicate meaning for an increasingly wide range of purposes, such as making greetings cards, tickets, lists, invitations and creating their own stories and books with images and sometimes with words, in print and digital formats Re-read what they have written to check it makes sense	Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter & full stop	Starts to develop phonic knowledge by linking sounds to letters, naming and sounding some of the letters of the alphabet, identifying letters and writing recognisable letters in sequence, such as in their own name Spell words by identifying the sounds & then writing the sound with letter/s Begins to break the flow of speech into words, to hear and say the initial sound in words and may start to segment the sounds in words and blend them together		Use core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines Uses a pencil and holds it effectively Form lower-case & capital letters correctly
Year 1	Write sentences, sequencing them to form short narratives Write sentences by re-reading what he/she has written to check that it makes sense Write sentences by composing them orally before writing them Discuss what he/she has written with the teacher or other pupils Read aloud his/her writing clearly enough to be heard by his/her peers and the teacher	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far Use suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words e.g. helping, helped, helper Use regular plural noun suffixes -s or — es e.g. dog, dogs; wish, wishes e.g, including the effects of these suffixes on the meaning of the noun Use capital letters and full stops to demarcate sentences in some of his/her writing. Use a capital letter for names of	Spell words containing phonemes already tauter Spell some common Spell the days of the Name the letters of the order Name the letters of the letter names to disting alternative spellings of the spellings of the spellings of the letter names to disting alternative spellings of the letter names to disting alternative spellings of the letter names to distingular marker spelling rule for adding plural marker for nound person singular markers. Add prefixes and sufficient in the letters of the	aght exception words week he alphabet in he alphabet using guish between f the same sound fixes using the g -s or -es as the as and the third er for verbs ffixes using the	Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly. Form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place Form capital letters Form digits 0-9 Understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and practise these



people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun I • Understand how the prefix unchanges the meaning of verbs and adjectives negation, for example, unkind, or undoing: untie the boat • Understand how words can combine to make sentences • Join words and clauses using and. • Separate words with spaces • Understand the following terminology: letter, capital letter; word, singular, plural; sentence; and punctuation, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark.	ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words eg helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest • Apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far	
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